

भारत सरकार Government of India  
रेल मंत्रालय Ministry of Railways  
रेलवे बोर्ड (Railway Board)

No.E(W)2008/ED-2/4

New Delhi, Dated: 7-06-2013

The General Manager (P),  
All Indian Railways & PUs.

**Sub: Children Education Allowance/Hostel Subsidy -Clarification.**


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Please refer to Railway Board's letter of even number dated 01/10/2008 followed by subsequent letters regarding revised policy instructions / clarifications on Children Education Allowance/Hostel Subsidy admissible to Railway Servants, based on the recommendations of Sixth Central Pay Commission.

2 Time and again there have been demands for consolidated instructions/guidelines on clarifications so far issued in respect of revised policy on reimbursement of Children Education Allowance/Hostel Subsidy. With the objective to further clarify the policy in general and to reply to specific queries raised by various sections of employees, Department of Personnel & Training vide their OM No. 21011/08/2013-Estt. (AL) has circulated guidelines termed as **frequently asked questions and their answers** on the revised policy for grant of Children Education Allowance/Hostel Subsidy.

3. In regard to grant of Honorarium, instructions have been issued vide Board's letter No. F(X)II-2010/PW/2 dated 11/10/2010 read with letter No. 2011/F(X)II/5/10 dated 29/12/2011 and F(X)II2008/PW/6 dated 25/04/2013. Above OM is circulated for guidance of all concerned.

Please acknowledge receipt.

  
(Debasis Mazumdar)  
Director Estt.(Welfare)  
Railway Board

Encl : As above.

Cont...2/-

No. 21011/08/2013-Estt.(AL)  
Government of India  
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions  
Department of Personnel & Training  
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Establishment (Allowances) Section		
Children Education Allowance Scheme (CEA)		
Sl. No.	Frequently asked Questions	Answer
1.	Whether Reimbursement of Children Education Allowance (CEA) for 3 <sup>rd</sup> child is permissible if CEA has not been claimed for 1 <sup>st</sup> and or 2 <sup>nd</sup> child? As per OM dated 2.9.2008 CEA is admissible for two school going children does it mean any two school going children?	No. Reimbursement of CEA is not permissible for third child even if reimbursement has not been claimed in respect of first and/or second child. However, as per OM No.12011/03/2008-Estt.(AL) dated 11.11.2008, the Children Education Allowance would be admissible for more than two children where as a result of the second child birth results in birth of twins or multiple children. Further, reimbursement of CEA for the 3 <sup>rd</sup> child is also admissible in case of failure of sterilization operation. Such reimbursement is admissible only for the first child birth after failure of <b>sterilization operation</b> . This point was further clarified vide O.M. No.12011/16/2009-Allowance) dated 13.11.2009.
2.	What types of fee are reimbursable? Whether Annual Charges and Transportation fees are reimbursable? Whether reimbursement towards purchase of school bag, water bottle, uniform, shoes and stationery is admissible?	As per OM No.12011/03/2008-Estt.(AL) dated 2.9.2008, tuition fee, admission fee, laboratory fee, special fee charged for agriculture, electronics, music or any other subject, fee charged for practical work under the programme of work experience, fee paid for the use of any aid or appliances by the child, library fee, games/sports fee and fee for extra-curricular activities are reimbursable subject to the condition that the aforementioned fee are charged by the school directly from the student. No reimbursement is permissible for Annual Charges and Transportation fees. Besides, reimbursement for purchase of one set of text books and notebooks, two sets of uniforms prescribed by the school in which the child is studying, one pair of shoes, in an academic year are reimbursable. Uniform include all items of clothing prescribed for a day, as uniform by the school, irrespective of colours/winter/summer/PT uniforms. Reimbursement of school bags, pens/pencils, water bottle, stationery etc., may not be allowed. O.M. No.12011/08/2010-Estt.(AL) dated 30.12.2010 and O.M. No.12011/07(i)/2011-Estt.(AL) dated 21.02.2012 refers
3.	Whether CEA has been increased by 25% as a result of	This Department's OM No. 12011/03/ 2008-Estt.(AL) dated 2.9.2008 clearly indicates that the

	enhancement of Dearness Allowances beyond 50%?	limits "would be automatically raised by 25% every time the Dearness Allowance on the revised pay structure goes up by 50%". <b>There is no need for any separate order from this Department to effect enhancement of CEA as a result of increase in DA by 50%.</b> However, O.M. No.12011/01/2011-Estt.(Allowance) dated 4 <sup>th</sup> May, 2011, has been issued to clarify this further.
4.	Whether CEA can be claimed for the child for the same class twice?	The reimbursement of CEA is not linked to the performance of the child in his class. Even if a child fails in a particular class, the reimbursement is permissible. <b>However, if the child is admitted in the same class in another school, although the child has passed out of the same class in previous school or in the mid-session, CEA shall not be reimbursable.</b>
5.	Whether CEA/Hostel Subsidy is allowed for initial two years of Diploma Courses?	Children Education Allowance/Hostel Subsidy is allowed for the initial two years of a diploma/certificate course from Polytechnic/ITI/Engineering College, if the child pursues the course after passing 10 <sup>th</sup> standard and the Government servant has not been granted CEA/Hostel Subsidy in respect of the child for studies in 11 <sup>th</sup> and 12 <sup>th</sup> standards. This is further subject to fulfillment of other conditions laid down in the O.M. No.12011/03/2008-Estt.(AL) dated 2.9.2008 and subsequent instructions issued from time to time.
6.	What is hostel subsidy?	The term Hostel Subsidy would mean expenses incurred by the Government servant if he/she keeps his/her children in a hostel of a residential school/institution located beyond a distance of 50 kilometers from his/her residence.
7.	Whether Hostel subsidy is reimbursable irrespective of transfer liability?	Hostel Subsidy is reimbursable to all Central Government Employees covered by the scheme, for keeping their ward in the Hostel of a residential school away from the station in which the employee is posted or residing <b>irrespective of any transfer liability.</b>
8.	Whether Hostel subsidy can be reimbursed if the child is staying in a Hostel which is not part of residential school where he is studying?	No. Hostel subsidy is reimbursable only in case of child studying in a residential school and staying in hostel of the said residential school.
9.	What are the components of hostel subsidy?	Hostel subsidy includes fee charged for boarding, lodging in addition to fee as mentioned in para 1(e) of OM No. 12011/03/ 2008-Estt.(AL) dated 2.9.2008.
10.	Whether a Government servant is allowed to get 50% of the	Reimbursement of 50% of the entitled amount for the academic year can be allowed in the first

	total amount subject to the overall annual ceiling in the first quarter and the remaining amount in third and/or fourth quarter?	and/or second quarter and the remaining amount can be reimbursed in the third and/or fourth quarter. The entire entitled amount can also be reimbursed in the last quarter. However, <b>frontloading of the entire admissible amount is not permissible.</b> O.M. No.12011/07(i)/2011-Estt.(AL) dated 21.02.2012 refers.
11.	Whether any age limit has been prescribed for reimbursement of CEA in respect of children studying in nursery classes?	<p>There is no minimum age prescribed for reimbursement of CEA in respect of children admitted in nursery classes.</p> <p>However, with regard to physically challenged children the minimum age of 5 (five) years was prescribed for disabled children undergoing non-formal/vocational education. With effect from 21<sup>st</sup> February, 2012, the minimum age stipulated as 5 years for disabled children stand removed.</p> <p>Hence, there is no minimum age of child for whom reimbursement is claimed irrespective of the fact whether the child is disabled or not.</p> <p>The maximum age for normal child is 20 years and for physically challenged children the maximum age is 22 years. O.M. No.12011/07(ii)/2011-Estt.(AL) dated 21.02.2012 refers.</p>
12.	Whether the school/institution should be recognized?	The school/institution has to be recognized by the Central or State Government or UT administration or by University or a recognized educational authority having jurisdiction over the area where the institution is situated. This also applies in respect of children studying in two classes prior to Class-I, i.e., nursery/LKG/UKG, etc. OM No. 12011/03/ 2008-Estt.(AL) dated 23.11.2009.
13.	Whether CEA is payable for the children of Central Government employees and studying abroad, including children of citizens of Nepal/Bhutan but working in Government of India, and their children are studying in the schools in their native place?	The CEA is payable for the children of all Central Government employees including citizens of Nepal and Bhutan, who are employees of Government of India, and whose children are studying in the native place. However, a certificate may be obtained from the concerned Indian Mission that the school is recognized by the educational authority having jurisdiction over the area where the institution is situated.
14.	What constitutes "Fee" as per para 1(e) of the O.M. dated 2/9/2008 and whether fee paid	"Fee" shall mean fee paid to the school in which the child is studying, directly by the parents/guardian for the items mentioned in para

	for extra-curricular activities to some other institute and reimbursement of, school bags, pens/pencils, etc., can be allowed? Is there any item-wise ceiling?	1(e) of the O.M. dated 2/9/2008. Reimbursement of school bags, pens/pencils, etc., may not be allowed. There is no item-wise ceiling. O.M. No.12011/07(i)/2011-Estt.(AL) dated 21.02.2012 refers.
15.	Whether reimbursement can be allowed in case the original receipts are misplaced and duplicate receipts are produced by the Government servant? Are the original receipts required to be attested/countersigned/ rubber stamped by the school authorities?	In case of misplacement of receipts given by the school/institution towards charges received from the parents/guardian, reimbursement may be allowed if the Government servant produces a duplicate receipt, duly authenticated by the school authorities. Receipts from private parties, other than the school, if misplaced shall not be entertained, even if a duplicate receipt is produced. Original receipts from school authorities need not be attested/countersigned/rubber stamped by the school authorities. O.M. No.12011/07(i)/2011-Estt.(AL) dated 21.02.2012 refers.
16.	Whether Development Fee/Parents' Contribution charged by the school/institution is reimbursable?	Reimbursement of Development Fee/Parents' Contribution is allowed w.e.f. 21 <sup>st</sup> February, 2012, vide O.M. No.12011/07(ii)/2011-Estt.(AL) dated 21.02.2012, on pro-rata basis, subject to the condition that the Government servant will have to certify that the school does not charge tuition fee. However, in respect of children studying in Kendriya Vidyalaya, the Vidyalaya Vikas Nidhi is reimburseable as it forms part of para 1(e) of O.M. No.12011/3/2008-Estt.(Allowance) dated 2.9.2008. O.M. No.12011/16/2009-Estt.(Allowances) dated 13.11.2009 refers.
17.	Whether reimbursement of fee charged directly by the school for catering to the special needs of the child with disabilities duly certified by the concerned school authorities, in addition to items mentioned in para 1(e) of O.M. dated 2.9.2008, is permissible?	Reimbursement of fee charged directly by the school for catering to the special needs of the child with disabilities duly certified by the concerned school authorities, in addition to items mentioned in para 1(e) of O.M. dated 2.9.2008, is allowed w.e.f. 21 <sup>st</sup> February, 2012.

#### Joining Time Rules


Sl. No.	Frequently asked Questions	Answer
1.	Whether Joining time//Joining Time pay is admissible in case of technical resignation of a Government servant to join another Government organization.	For appointment to posts under the Central Government on the results of a competitive examination and or interview open to Government servants and others, Central Government employees and permanent/provisionally permanent State

		Government employees will be entitled to joining time. A Government servant shall be treated on duty during the period of joining time and shall be entitled to joining time pay equal to the pay and allowances like DA, HRA, CCA, drawn before relinquishment of charge at the old post. But temporary Central Government employees with less than 3 years of regular continuous service, though entitled to joining time would not be entitled to joining time pay. {Rule 4 (4) of CCS(JT) Rules}
2.	When can the unutilized joining time be credited as Earned Leave?	Rule 6 (1) of the CCS (Joining Time) Rules provides that when a Government servant joins a new post without availing full joining time by reasons that— (a) he is ordered to join the new post at a new place of posting without availing of full joining time to which he is entitled; or (b) he proceeds alone to the new place of posting and joins the post without availing full joining time and takes his family later within the permissible period of time for claiming Travelling Allowance for the family, then the number of days of joining time admissible under sub-rule (4) of Rule 5 of the Central Civil Services (JT) Rules, 1979, subject to a maximum of 15 days reduced by the number of days of joining time actually availed of shall be credited to his leave account as earned leave.
3.	Whether joining time can be combined with leave?	Rule 6(2) of the CCS (Joining Time) Rules provides that Joining time may be combined with vacation and/or regular leave of any kind or duration except casual leave.

Honorarium		
Sl. No.	Frequently asked Questions	Answer
1.	Upto what amount the Head of Department can grant honorarium?	The Ministries/Departments can grant honorarium upto `5000/- per annum per employee and the Head of Department can grant honorarium upto `2500/- per annum per employee. O.M. No.1711/9/85-Estt. (Allowance) dated 23.12.1985 refers.
2.	What are the rates of honorarium for translation work from regional language to English/Hindi and vice versa?	The rates for translation from regional languages to English/Hindi and vice-versa is `120/- per thousand words of Ordinary Material and `130/- per thousand words of Technical Material (including Codes/Manuals, etc.). This is subject to a

		maximum of `5000/- per annum in each case, whether recurring or non-recurring. O.M. No.17011/04/2011-Estt.(AL) dated 1.4.2011 refers.
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Special Allowance for child care for women with disability		
Sl. No.	Frequently asked Questions	Answer
1.	Whether the women employees with disabilities are entitled for special allowance for child care at double the rates for multiple births at the time of first child birth?	No. In case of multiple births at the time of first child birth, the woman employee shall not be entitled to this allowance at double the rates for multiple births.
2.	Whether the allowance would be admissible for the 3 <sup>rd</sup> child in case either of the first two children i.e. first child or the 2 <sup>nd</sup> child expires before the attaining the age of two years?	It is clarified that the grant of Special Allowance for the child care for women with disabilities is admissible for two years from the birth of the child so long as the woman employee does not have more than two surviving children.

  
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